

Industry Priorities for ASF Preparedness

- 1. Harmonize state, federal response plans
- 2. Clear direction for producers to prepare on farm
- 3. Maximize surveillance efforts
- 4. Expedite US SHIP to permanent USDA program
- 5. Work to assure fair indemnity and explore market support programs
- 6. Develop plans to expedite return to trade



Timeline

- Task Force organized in 2022
- Pork Forum 2023 Resolution
- Task Force and NPPC AHFSP Committee continuing review of Standards through 2023

....Pork Forum 2024 Resolution



Areas Being Addressed

- Movements to slaughter (through cull channels)
- Individual identification
- Intrastate movements
- Premises Identification Numbers (PINs)
- Movement reporting to a centralized database



Standards Overview



Feeder and Market Swine (Moving as Groups)

- Movements reported to centralized database
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (feeding, slaughter)



Feeder/Market Culls

- Moving in a group to a single cull market before moving to slaughter
 - Receiving assembly point must keep record of PINs that contribute to assigned group ID tattoo for each group
- Market culls re-sold/shipped to more than one point of concentration prior to arrival at slaughter and/or are in cull channel for > 3 days
 - Require identification with AIN tag



Breeding Stock

- Breeding stock <u>in development in a group setting and not yet in a breeding setting</u>
 - Movements must be reported to centralized database
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (breeding)
 - If moving outside of a production system
 - animals must be officially identified as stated in 9 CFR Part 71.19.



Breeding Stock

- Breeding swine <u>in breeding setting</u> moved to a premises within the production system for further production
 - Do not require an official identifier
 - Movement must be reported to the centralized database
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (breeding)



Breeding Stock

- Breeding swine <u>in a breeding setting</u> moved from a premises into the slaughter channel, comingled with swine outside the production system, and/or changing ownership
 - Require an AIN tag (+/- RFID)
 - Movements must be reported to the centralized database
 - AIN tag number(s)
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (slaughter, breeding)



Show Stock

Must be identified with a RFID AIN tag

- Movements must be reported to the centralized database
 - Tag number
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (breeding, show, slaughter)



Semen

 A label must be affixed to each dose of semen bearing the PIN of the source herd

- Movements must be reported to the centralized database
 - Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
 - Movement date
 - Animal type (semen)



Movement Reporting

- 1. Tag number(s)
- 2. Sending and receiving Premises Identification Numbers
- Movement date
- 4. Animal type (breeding, feeding, show, semen, slaughter)
- Within 72 hours of the movement
- Electronic submissions
- Sender reports, receiver verifies
- In-transit reporting requirements



Next Steps

- Small group discussions scheduled for October
- Communications campaign
- Task Force to review comments
 - November 9th
- Submit resolution to Forum 2024



Standards Updates



Updates-Draft #2

- 1. Removed Group Identification requirement
- 2. Removed number of head/doses of semen
- Specified that breeding stock didn't need to be tagged until leaving prem



Updates-Draft #3

- 1. Re-defined breeding stock
- 2. Remove requirement for breeding stock to be tagged with AIN, until entering slaughter channel, comingled, or sold
- 3. Address "market" culls specifically
 - Differentiate those moving as groups, vs. higher risk movements
- 4. Specify requirement for plant to use "unique" ID
- 5. Define in-transit movement requirements
- 6. Require RFID for exhibition swine
- 7. Require movement reports are submitted electronically



Proposed FINAL DRAFT Updates

 Require RFID tags for breeding stock culled to slaughter, comingled with animals outside of the production system, or sold

 Feeder/market culls-focus on tattoo numbers, remove requirement to tag high-risk



The Global Voice for the U.S. Pork Industry

nppc.org

